



COUNTY DADS' MONTHLY MEET

Usual Routine of Business Before The County Commissioners

NEW ROADS OPENED

Sebastian River to be Bridged—Road from North Line of Fort Pierce to Oslo Will Follow Railroad

Board of County Commissioners of St. Lucie county met in regular session, September 5th, 1910. Present, Chairman P. Kroegel, D. E. Austin, C. H. Edwards and R. E. McLaughlin with R. C. Merritt, deputy clerk.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

Moved and carried that the bill of the Indian River Telephone company, \$5.00, be refused payment, on the ground that the telephone is continually out of order.

The Board proceeded to examine and approve bills.

The name of A. D. Aiken, deceased, is stricken from the pauper list.

Notary bonds of J. M. Jones in the sum of \$500 with Joseph E. Roberts and E. S. Summerlin, as sureties, and Notary bond of Otis R. Parker in the sum of \$500 with G. S. Tucker and C. M. Horton as sureties, are approved by the board.

Moved and carried that J. M. Swain and A. J. Drawdy, are authorized to re-establish the fishing limits at the Inlet according to law.

The Board proceeded to open the bids for the construction of a bridge across the Sebastian River, as follows:

Ronoake Bridge Co., Ronoake Va., for steel bridge as per plans and specifications furnished by them, \$14,500.00; If wooden stringers and hand rails are preferred, deduct from bid, \$1,100.00. M. M. Eclair, to finish job complete, \$3,600.00; C. G. Redstone & Sons, Eau Gallie, wooden (structure) \$2,400.00.

Moved and carried that the bid of C. G. Redstone & Sons is accepted by this Board and the chairman is hereby instructed to wire this result to the Board of County Commissioners for Brevard County.

Moved and carried that the petition of Jens Larsen and others "to establish and open a public country road thirty (30) feet wide; said road to begin at quarter section post dividing sections four and five and run on said section line north to township line at H. Knudsen's place, and then take the most direct and practical route to Hogg and Powers bridge across Ten Mile creek there connecting the roads" be granted, and the following committee was thereupon appointed to view and lay out the same: J. A. Neilson, G. Ringdahl, H. Brady.

Report of road committee was received from S. F. Webb and A. C. Miller advising the Board that they had performed the duty of laying out a public road "commencing at a point on the east line of the right-of-way of the Florida East Coast railway, 136 feet north of Eden depot, and running easterly along south side of tram track right of way 804 feet to connect with road on river front; said road to be 30 feet wide." It was moved and carried that this report be adopted and notices were ordered posted according to law and if no protest is filed the same will be declared a public road at the next meeting of this Board.

Moved and carried that the petition of K. B. Raulerson, et al to establish a public road as follows: "Begin at the bridge across the north prong of Ten Mile Creek, in section 29, township 35, south, range 39 east, and then run westerly in the most practicable route to a point about one quarter of a mile of the northwest corner of section 35, south range 35 east, and then run west in the most practicable route to the dinner hammock in section 35, south, range 37 east" be granted; and the following committee be appointed to view and lay out the same: Newton Allen, E. S. and Elmer Cobb.

Report of road committee was received from M. Swain, R. A. Clyatt and Robinson, advising the Board that they had performed the duty of laying out a public road "beginning at City station, run west on the 15 chains to savanna; 27 cross savanna thence five 82 links to intersection of distance 47 chains and 82 links" be granted; and carried that this report be adopted and notices were ordered posted according to law and if no protest is filed the same will be declared a public road at the next meeting of this Board.

Moved and carried that the contract

for opening a public road across bay head at Kemp's crossing at Quay, is awarded to Ed. V. Walker for \$171, as per specifications posted at postoffice.

Communication was received from J. T. Padgett, of Olney, protesting against the location of a public road. Moved and carried that the same be referred back to Commissioner McLaughlin.

Application for license to carry a .32 caliber Smith & Wesson revolver was received from J. J. McLaughlin. Moved and seconded that the same be granted; Commissioners Edwards and McLaughlin voted aye; Commissioners Kroegel and Austin voted no. The application was therefore refused.

Moved and carried that the tax assessment roll for the year 1910 as submitted by the tax assessor be accepted without any change.

Moved and carried that when this board stands adjourned at this meeting it stands adjourned to meet on October 1st, 1910.

Moved and carried that B. B. Bostick be placed on the pauper list at \$10 per month. The order for same to be made payable to Commissioner Edwards and to be disbursed under his supervision. This pension is granted to start with this meeting.

Moved and carried that the Board of County Commissioners will until further notice offer shell for sale, for use on the St. Lucie county roads at a cost of 10 cents per yard.

Moved and carried that the chairman of this board be authorized to have a telephone placed in his residence for use at the shell mound.

The Brevard county Board of County Commissioners having notified this board that the bid of Redstone & Son for the construction of a bridge across the Sebastian River is satisfactory to them: Moved and carried that said bid be accepted by this board and a contract was thereupon executed by which this board agrees to pay one-half of the cost of the construction and the contract was forwarded to the board of County Commissioners for Brevard county for their execution.

Moved and carried that the Chairman of this board be authorized to employ an inspector on the construction work on the bridge over the Sebastian River when the same is begun, in order to insure its being completed according to contract.

Report was received from the County Treasurer showing the following: Balance of all, \$15,039.90. General revenue fund, \$417.63; Fine and forfeiture fund, \$1,780; County school fund \$1.04; Road and bridge fund, \$4,369.47. Building fund, \$1; Special road fund \$1,220.07; Special road No. 1, \$551.44; Special road No. 2, \$89.25; Special road No. 3, \$1,746.30; Special road No. 3, \$1,336.67; Special road No. 5, \$1,222.59; Special road undivided \$2,294.63; with certificate of the Cashier of the Bank of Fort Pierce showing balance correct as claimed.

Report was received from County tax Collector showing licenses collected as follows: For state \$22.50; for county, \$15.

Moved and carried that Frank M. Tyler be instructed to order one Wales visible adding machine at a cost of \$275, Mr. Tyler agreeing to pay \$100 on cost of said machine. County to pay the balance in installments at the rate

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WHITE PALACE HOTEL SOLD FOR \$84,100.00

Haleyon Hall, Miami's great White Palace hotel, was sold Monday at public auction for the benefit of the depositors of the defunct Fort Dallas bank, by order of the court in a suit brought by Frank B. Shultz, receiver of the bank.

At eleven o'clock Mitchell D. Price, as special master, read the terms of the sale, as advertised and ordered by the court, and announced that he was ready to receive bids for the fine property. In response to his first question, "What am I offered for Haleyon Hall?" Mr. Shultz bid \$40,000.

John B. Reilly came second with a \$5,000 raise. S. M. Tatum came into the game by bidding \$80,000. Mr. Shultz dropped out, but Mr. Reilly saw the raise and boosted it \$100 worth. Mr. Tatum had entered the game to stay and bidding then became quite spirited and between the two gentlemen, each seeking the other's raise and jumping the price up by hundreds or more until \$84,100 had been reached when Mr. Reilly threw up his hand, and the magnificent hotel, with most all of its furnishings, was knocked down to S. M. Tatum.

The purchaser was allowed till two o'clock to pay the five per cent of the purchase price. Mr. Tatum tried all morning to reach the parties he was bidding for, but was unable to connect, and so announced to special Master Price. Mr. Reilly was notified that his bid was accepted, and at two o'clock a check for \$4,206 was given to the special master, and preliminary arrangements for transferring the property were made.

The terms of sale call for 5 per cent cash and balance by October 5th, next. Haleyon Hall, or the White Palace as it is now called, is built of the famous Miami white stone, and is one of the most beautiful hotels in the entire southeast. It is nicely and comfortably furnished and now that financial difficulties have been brushed away, this culties have been brushed away, this hotel will soon take its place among the greatest tourist hotels in the land.

STEAMERLINE'S NEW OFFICERS

Broward Heads Merchants And Planters' Transportation Co.

STRENGTHEN COMPANY

New Vessel, Fannie C. Hart, Secured For Run Between Jacksonville and Miami Will Commence Schedule Soon

United States Senator-elect Napoleon B. Broward was elected to the presidency of the Merchants and Planters' Transportation Company, at Miami, Tuesday night at a meeting of the directors of the company. Senator Broward is familiar with all lines of water shipping, he having followed the sea for several years, and his leadership of the company will add much to its strength. The senator is now in Providence, R. I., attending the Deep Waterways convention.

The following is from the Daily Metropolis at Miami:

"At a meeting of the directors of the Merchants and Planters' Transportation company Tuesday night, a communication from former Gov. Broward, was read, in which he accepted the presidency of the company, tentatively tendered him at the last meeting of the stockholders.

"Capt. George F. Cook was present at the meeting, having come all the way from Manitowoc, Wis., to have a voice in the proceedings, being nearly the most enthusiastic member of the board in welcoming Capt. Broward to office, which he abdicated in the Governor's favor.

"Capt. Cook was elected first vice president of the company and will have supervision of the traffic department, leaving to-night or to-morrow for Wisconsin to travel south in the Fannie C. Hart, the company's new boat.

"The boat, which has been in the hands of marine carpenters for some time, is now nearly ready for her trip to Miami, and is scheduled to leave Manitowoc September 10th, arrive in New York about September 30th, reach Jacksonville October 3d, and Miami October 11th.

"Upon her arrival in Miami, she should be accorded a glad welcome. The beginning of her runs between here and Jacksonville will mark the greatest forward step in the development of this section that has been made in many a day, and the feeling that the enterprise belongs to the people here, and is for the people here, will from the start insure its success.

"The Fannie C. Hart will carry 68 first-class passengers, 82 second-class, and will have a tonnage of 476 tons. It is the intention of the company to make a fare of \$10 to Jacksonville, which will include meals and berth. The trip will take thirty hours, and will be a very pleasant one."

"SPECIAL INTEREST" TO DEFEAT NOMINEES

A dispatch from West Palm Beach, says: For many years Dade County has had the reputation of always taking first place when it came to the point of a political fight or political turmoil. Not so very long ago Dade County was divided, the northern half constituting what is now known as Palm Beach County. It would seem that the lessons learned in infancy are not forgotten, even though mature years have come. The mere matter of the changing of a name has not killed the old instinct for a political scrap. Hence the action Thursday at an independent convention held in this city of the placing in the field of an independent ticket to enter the contest at the November election against the regular nominee elected in the last Democratic primary.

It has been known for some time that considerable dissatisfaction has been felt in Palm Beach County at the outcome of the primary and it is therefore not a matter of such great surprise that active opposition has developed. At the convention Thursday, H. B. Saunders was nominated to oppose Guy Metcalf for County Clerk, and W. M. Whidden will run for sheriff against Capt. George B. Baker. C. C. Mast, of Boynton, a prominent citizen and farmer, was put up against Jack McKenna for tax assessor. Mast and Whidden are Republicans and Saunders is a Democrat. E. E. Geer will run against J. E. Weir for County Commissioner.

A full ticket was put into the field both for county and precinct officers but the other nominations were of minor importance. The outcome of the fight in Palm Beach County on November the eighth will command much interest.

RACE SUICIDE IS NOW RAMPANT IN AMERICA

Race suicide is the dominant exhibit in the new census. In former decades the average increase of internal population was 21 per cent. It has now fallen

to 6 per cent. Census officials see in the contrast cause for alarm in this country similar to that which confronts France. They say that at this rate of decrease the native population will show an actual falling off before the time for taking another national census.

Such growth as the country has enjoyed in the last ten years has been largely from immigration, according to these returns. The vital statistics of immigrants do not, of course, enter into the general findings in this respect. They bear in an important way upon them, however, considering that immigrants may be classed as natives after ten years; and the general tendency to apply to them beyond that period as well as to those of older residence.

There was a gross population in 1900 of 76,000,000. The present estimated total is 90,000,000. Out of the 14,000,000 increase, 9,000,000 came from immigration. This makes 5,000,000 as the natural increase from those who were in the country in 1900.

Increases of natives from 1820 until 1880 ranged from 35 per cent, to 20 per cent, from 1880 to 1900. The average increase exclusive of immigrants was 21 per cent. There were 5,000,000 more of American birth in 1910 than in 1900 against 14,000,000 more in 1900 than in 1890.

Another remarkable showing of the present census is the growth of cities at the expense of rural districts. Many of the smaller cities show increases above 50 per cent. For example, Atlanta shows 72; East St. Louis, 97; Akron, 62, and Detroit, 63.

About 40 per cent of the population is city dwelling. Returns from rural districts are not yet ready for tabulation, but so far as they have been examined they show, save in two states where local conditions account for an increase, a positive falling off from the population of 1900.

Averages calculated from rural districts taken at random figure out a decrease of about 11 per cent. With the cities absorbing the immigrant population and drawing also from the country and with a rapid decline in internal increase, the statisticians think the prediction reasonable that the next census must depend on immigration for such increase as it may furnish in population.

District Registration Officers

Ed Edge, supervisor of registration, has appointed the following as district registration officers at the various precincts of St. Lucie county:

Sebastian, No. 1—C. B. Smith. Fort Pierce, No. 2—Ed Edge. Ankona, No. 3—P. C. Eldred. Jensen, No. 4—James Neal. Fort Drum, No. 5—L. H. McLaughlin. Tantie, No. 6—L. M. Raulerson. Wabasso, No. 7—Clarence Vandiveer. Quay, No. 8—K. F. Tedder. Narrows, No. 9—C. W. Fletcher. White City, No. 10—H. F. Bell. Vero, No. 11—F. Charles Gifford. Viking, No. 12—Jens Helseth. Bluefields, No. 13—H. F. Hazellief. The registration books will close the second Saturday in October, the 8th.

Miss Agnes Shattuck, of New Smyrna, arrived in Fort Pierce last Saturday, and is the guest of her friend, Mrs. B. E. Jaudon.

COMMEMORATE SPOT OF DADE'S MASSACRE

Endorsing the suggestion of the Leesburg Commercial that our congressmen and senators secure an appropriation to mark the scene of Dade's massacre, the Ocala Star gives the story of the tragic and thrilling event in the following concise and interesting manner:

Dade's massacre took place December 28, 1835, and of the entire command only two escaped. It was one of the most shocking tragedies in the history of Indian warfare. Major Dade with one hundred and thirty-nine men and one field piece started to Fort King (Ocala) and where the road was skirted by the low palmetto he was fired upon by the Seminoles from ambush and half of his command fell. Hastily throwing up breastworks the remaining half engaged the Indians, but in the unequal battle that followed all of Dade's men perished with the exceptions noted. Rawson Clark, although badly wounded, got back to Tampa, a soldier named Thomas bribed an Indian who allowed him to escape.

Dade's command consisted entirely of regular troops and the massacre was due to the treachery of a negro guide named Lewis, who was engaged to direct the troops to their destination. In this case their destination was death. Lewis advised Micanopy and his warriors of the approach of Major Dade and his command, settled upon the place of rendezvous and attack, and upon the first volley being fired he escaped in the confusion to the Seminoles and assisted them in the slaughter that followed. By a trick of fate or fortune Lewis' treachery was somehow over looked, and he was afterwards sent to Arkansas, where he lived and, strangely enough, died a natural death.

News of the massacre was known in St. Augustine the day after it took place, the information having been carried by Indian runners. From circumstances attending this melancholy tragedy proof is convincing that Dade was the victim of a conspiracy and wanton treachery, and while officers and men fought bravely the command was annihilated.

ROOSEVELT'S DECLARATION

Leaves No Doubt as to His Political Beliefs on Current Issues

A PROGRESSIVE SPIRIT

Says That Special Privilege is the Curse of the Government and Must be Weeded Out of Politics.

In a ringing speech at Osawatomia, Kan., Wednesday, Theodore Roosevelt declared himself in the most positive fashion upon the public questions of the day, and there can no longer be any doubt as to where he stands with regards to the two wings of the Republican party; Col. Roosevelt is an insurgent. He said:

"The issue is joined and we must fight or fall," said he.

The former president declared himself in favor of these principles:

Elimination of special interests from politics.

Complete and effective publicity of corporation affairs.

Passage of laws prohibiting the use of corporate funds directly or indirectly for political purpose.

Government supervision of the capitalization not only of public service corporations, but of all corporations doing an interstate business.

Personal responsibility of officers and directors of corporations that break the law.

Increase in the power of the federal bureau of corporation and the Interstate Commerce Commission to control industry more effectively.

Revision of the tariff, one schedule at a time, on the basis of information furnished by an expert tariff commission.

Graduated income tax and graduated inheritance tax.

Readjustment of the country's financial system in such a way as to prevent the return of periodical financial panics.

Maintenance of an efficient army and a navy large enough to ensure for the nation the respect of other nations as a guarantee of peace.

Use of national resources for the benefit of all the people.

Extension of the work of the departments of agriculture of the national and State governments and of agricultural colleges and experiment stations so as to take in all phases of life on the farm.

Regulation of the terms and conditions of labor by means of comprehensive workmen's compensation acts; State and national laws to regulate child labor and the work of women, enforcement of better sanitation conditions for workers and extension of the use of the safety appliances on industry and commerce both in and between the States.

Clear division of authority between the national and the various State governments.

Direct primaries associated with corrupt practices acts.

Publicity of campaign contributions not only after election but before election as well.

Prompt removal of unfaithful and incompetent public servants.

Provisions against the performance of any service over interstate corporations by national officers.

While Col. Roosevelt's speech is regarded by many of those who heard it as carrying him farther than the progressive movement, the colonel coupled with his declaration a warning against the extremist, injecting an extemporaneous remark on the subject in his prepared speech.

"I don't want our people to follow men whose intentions are excellent but whose eyes are a little too wild to make it safe to trust them," he said.

Another sentence which Col. Roosevelt put into his speech extemporaneously brought forth applause from the crowd. He said:

"No man should make a promise before election that he does not intend to keep after election, and if he does not keep it hunt him out."

The people gave his word an interpretation of their own, and the burst of cheering which broke out when they heard them was one of the wildest of the day.

This speech was delivered in a grove battlefield where John Brown fought the Missouri raider on August 30, 1856. The setting was picturesque. Thousands of people had gathered for the dedication of the battlefield as a State park.

Announcement

I have been chosen one of the assistants to teach piano, Theory and Interpretation at Columbia College, Lake City, Florida, which opens Sept. 28th. Any one wishing to entrust their sons or daughters in my care during the coming year, will find me to give them the interest of a mother. I will give a special summer term here beginning May 20th, should my friends desire me to do so.

Thanking my friends and patrons for their kindnesses. Very sincerely
Mrs. HOWELL ATWATER